

SOCIAL MOBILITY IN THE 21ST CENTURY

Дроздович С.И.

Научный руководитель: преподаватель Новикова Е.А.
Белорусский национальный технический университет

Social mobility refers to the ability of individuals or families to move up or down the social ladder within a given society. In the past, social mobility was largely determined by birth and family background, with those born into wealthy and privileged families having more opportunities to succeed and move up the social hierarchy. However, in the 21st century, the dynamics of social mobility have changed significantly. While family background and education still play a certain role in determining a person's social status, people now have more opportunities to achieve upward social mobility based on their own merits [1].

One of the key factors contributing to increased social mobility is the development of the knowledge economy. As our economy becomes increasingly dependent on technology and innovation, there is a growing demand for highly skilled workers in fields such as science, technology, engineering, and mathematics. This has led to an increase in the number of well-paying jobs available to people with the necessary skills and qualifications, regardless of their family background. Another important factor is the growth of the service sector, which has created new opportunities for social mobility. Jobs in service sectors such as healthcare, education, and social work require specialized skills and education and can provide a path to higher-paying positions for those willing to invest in their education and professional development. However, despite the fact that there are more opportunities for upward social mobility today, there are also significant issues that need to be addressed. For example, access to education and professional training can be limited by factors such as geography, income, and race. Additionally, discrimination and bias can still play a role in hiring and promotion decisions, limiting the opportunities available to certain groups of people.

In conclusion, it should be noted that social mobility in the 21st century is influenced by a multitude of factors, including education, skills, and access to opportunities. While there are more opportunities for upward social mobility today than in the past, there are also significant issues that need to be addressed to ensure that everyone has an equal chance to succeed and move up the social ladder.

Литература

1. Бурдые, П. Формы капитала / П. Бурдые // Западная экономическая социология. – М. : РОССПЭН, 2004.-С. 200